1 absorb to take in or swallow up liquids or energy

2 adaptation a structure or behavior that helps a living thing survive

attract force of magnetism that pulls items together
 axle bar or rod on which one or more wheels turn

5 balance tool for comparing the mass or weight or two or more objects

6 beaker meauring container 7 behavior what an animal does

8 camouflage an adaptation that enables an organism to blend in with its surroundings

9 carnivore a meat eater

10 Celsius a metric unit for measuring temperature 11 centimeter a metric unit for measuring length (cm)

12 characteristic a property or special feature

13 chemical energy stored energy

14 circuit the path electricity flows through
15 classify to place into groups; to sort

16 community different plants and animals living together and depending on each other

17 condensation the changing or a gas into a liquid

18 conductor a materials through which electricity or heat can pass

19 consumer a living thing that cannot make its own food 20 cycle events repeated over and over in same order

21 decomposer an organism that breaks down dead plants or animals

22 decrease to take away; less

23 deposition earth material settled or deposited on land or water in different place
24 diameter measurement of straight line passing through center of cirlce side to side
25 displace take the place of, replace, as a ship displaces a certain amount of water

26 ecology studying the relationships between living things

27 electricity a from of energy produced by particles that have charge.

28 embryo a plant in its earliest stages of growth, contained within the seed

29 energy force needed to move or change; different types of energy are mechanical, electricity, magnetic, heat, light, sound, chemical and nuclear

30 environment the total of all surroundings - air, water, plants and animals which affect living things

31 erosion earth material moved by air, water, wind 32 evaporation to change from a liquid to a gas state

33 food chain energy is passed from the sun to green plants and on to animals; animals that eat plants may become food for other animals.

34 food web a network of two or more food chains

35 force a push or a pull

freezing point temperature that water changes to ice- 32 degrees F, 0 degrees C friction a force that occurs when one object rubs against another object

38 function job -normal action or use (the function of leaves is to make food for the plant)

39 gas matter without definite shape or volume
 40 germinate begin to grow or develop; sprout

graduated cylinder measuring cup for volume of liquid
 gram metric unit for measuring mass or weight (g)

43 gravity the force that pulls objects toward the center of earth

44 groundwater water that moves downward into the ground

45 habitat the place where an animal or plant naturally lives or thrives

46 hand lens magnifying glass47 herbivore a plant eater

48 hibernation to pass the winter in a state that is similar to sleep

49 hypothesis what you think the answer to a problem or question may be

50 inclined plane ramp

51 increase to add more

52 inherit characteristics transmitted from birth from parent to child 53 insulator a material through which electricity or heat cannot pass 54 kilogram a metric unit for meauring weight (kg) (1 kg=1000 g)
55 lever simple machine with bar that pivots on a fulcrum

56 life cycle the stages in the life of a plant or animal 57 life span the length of time a plant or animal live

58 liquid matter without a definite shape; takes shape of container; has set volume 59 magnetic field area around magnet in which objects can be affected by magnetic force

60 magnetism a force that may attract or repel certain materials 61 mass the amount of matter or material an object has in it

62 matter the stuff that things are made of; matter is composed of atoms (atoms join together to form molecules) solid, liquid and gas are the three states of matter

63 mechanical energy energy of moving things

64 migration seasonal movement by animals in search of water, food, warmer climate or particular location for mating

65 milliliter a metric unit for meauring volume, usually liqud volume (ml)
66 nutrients nutrition - what an organism needs for growth, repair and wellness
67 observe to gather information using the senses; sight, touch, taste, smell, hear

68 offspring child or children

69 omnivore a consumer that eats both plants and animals

70 organism any living thing

71 pendulum an object hanging from a string that can swing back and forth

72 photosynthesis the process by which a plant uses sunlight, carbon dioxide and water to produce its own food

73 pole the ends of a magnet where the greatest power is found; the ends are called the north and south poles
74 population the number of one kind of plant or animal living in a community or habitat; the total number of things

75 precipitation rain, sleet, snow, hail

76 predator an animal that hunts another animal for food

77 prediction a guess based on observation, experience, reasoning 78 prey an animal that is hunted by another animal for food

79 producer a living thing that uses the sun's energy to make food; green plants
 80 property characteristics of an object such as shape, color, size, texture, weight

81 pulley simple machine with sheel over which rope runs

82 purpose the function; the job or use

83 recycle to use again

84 reflect to bounce off or send back

repel force of magnetism that pushes objects apart
 reproduce to produce offspring; to bring forth others of its kind

87 revolution earth's orbit around the sun

88 rotation earth spinning on its axis once every 24 hours

89 runoff water flowing on earth's surface

90 seed dispersal the way in which seeds are spread from one location to another by wind, water or animals

91 seedling a young plant grown from a seed

92 solid matter that has a definite shape and can be broken into pieces 93 sort to group or classify according to properties; arrange in groups

94 species distinct kind of plant or animal

95 states of matter solid, liquid, or gas 96 texture how something feels

97 thermometer tool used to measure temperature 98 transfer to move from one location to another 99 volume the amount of space an object takes up

100 water vapor water in gaseous state